Exploration of Transit-TNC Partnerships to Enhance Mobility and Access for Transportation Disadvantaged Groups

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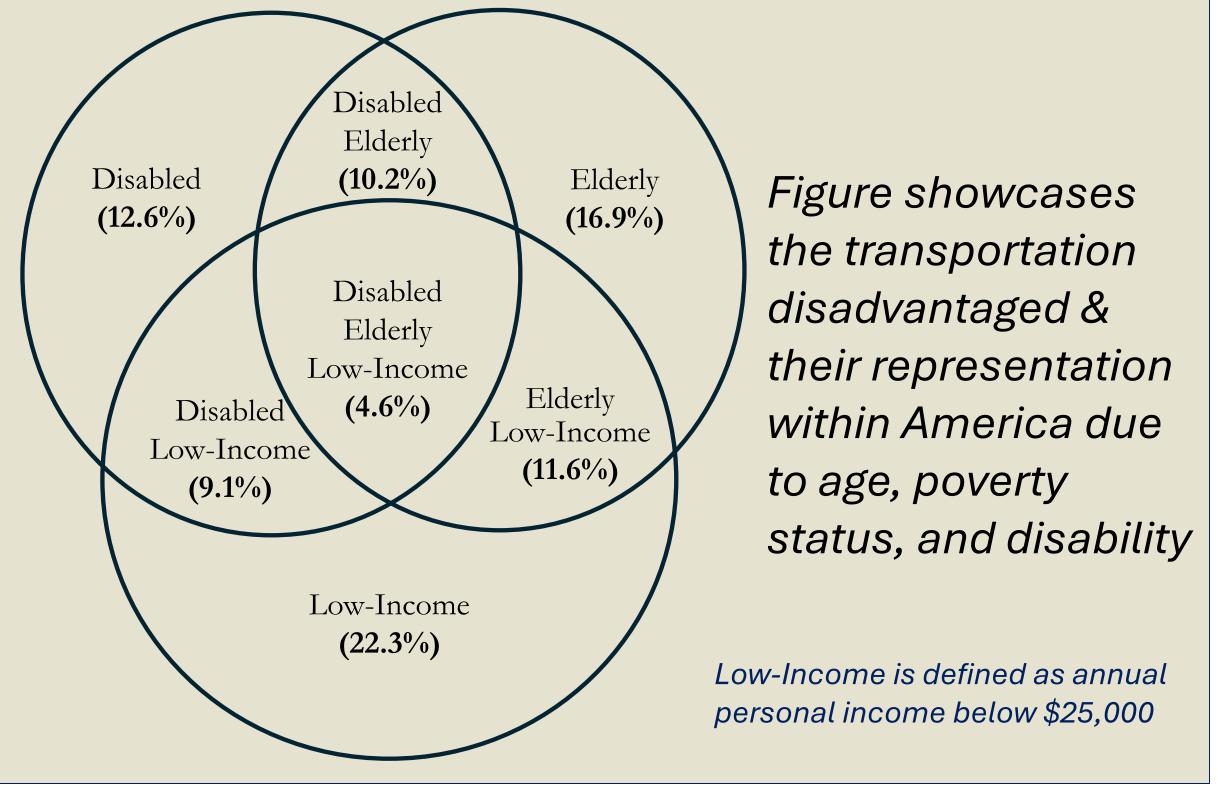


Background

 Transportation disadvantaged population groups in the U.S. have limited mobility options and lower access to social services.

Transit-TNC partnerships can:

- Address spatial mismatch of opportunities and residences
- Enhance access to mobility options during non-standard working hours



Research Objective

- Evaluate impact of past/present
 Transit-TNC partnerships
- 2. Identify key benefits and challenges
- 3. Develop recommendations for future Transit-TNC partnerships

Research Methodology

Literature Synthesis





Case Studies



Key Findings

Cost Saving for Service Quality

TCPR

Transit agencies can reduce overall transportation costs.

Service reliability can vary, impacting effectiveness.

Data-Driven Decision Making

MARTA Reach

- Partnership's success depends on the use of data to guide decisions.
- Multimodal Systems and First/Last Mile Gaps

Forward Pinellas & MARTA Reach

Integration of shuttles, buses, and rail services in on-demand multimodal transportation systems significantly reduces travel times and congestion.

Impact

- Forward Pinellas found a +30% increase in transit ridership and reduced average transit commute by about 10 minutes.
- Marta Reach reported 73% of users connected to a railway system addressing first/last mile gaps.
- Marta Reach survey found +45% of program users traveled to and from work.

Recommendations

- 1. Integrate modes for seamless multimodal systems
- 2. Tailor to sociodemographic variability and user needs
- 3. Develop feedback mechanism

Personal Reflection

 Further develop research, analysis, and synthesis skills